

IMRF

Annual Actuarial Valuation and Gain (Loss) Analysis GASB Statement No. 68 Valuation December 31, 2014 May 29, 2015



Annual Actuarial Valuation



- Calculate employer rates for 3,298 rate groups for the 2016 calendar year
- Measure financial position and funding progress
- Explain changes in financial position that occurred during the year





Basic Funding Objective

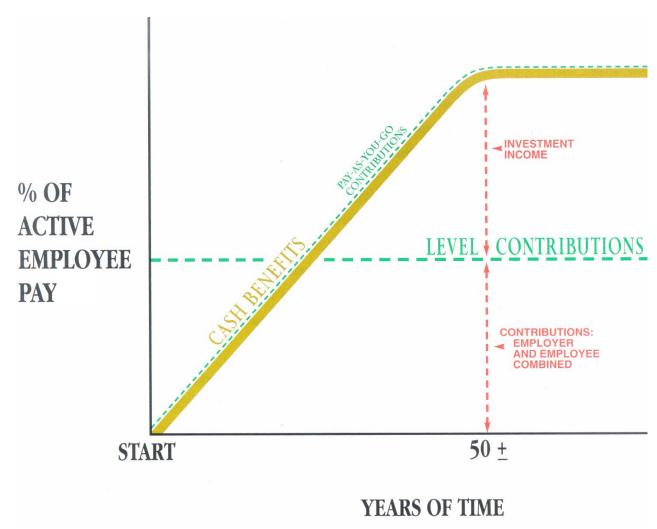
Establish and receive contributions which:

- Remain approximately level (as a % of payroll) from generation to generation
- When combined with present assets and future investment return are sufficient to pay benefits to current and future retirees





Financing Diagram







Valuation Uses Data On

- 1) People
- 2) Plan Benefits
- 3) Employers
- 4) Assets





IMRF Population

	2014	2013
Active Members		
• Tier 1	133,884	142,892
• Tier 2	39,695	30,589
• Total	173,579	173,481
Retirees	111,989	106,997
Inactive Members	137,941	136,749
Total	423,509	417,227





IMRF Population

	2014	2013
Active Members		
• Regular	169,146	168,977
• SLEP	4,194	4,204
• ECO	239	300
Total	173,579	173,481
Inactive Members		
• Regular	136,621	135,447
• SLEP	1,122	1,121
• ECO	198	181
Total	137,941	136,749





IMRF Employers 12/31/2014

School Districts	855
Townships	494
Other	486
Villages	468
Cities	304
Counties (Regular, SLEP & ECO)	269
Library Districts	221
Park Districts	201
Total	3,298
Employers with no Active Members	576
Total	3,874





Value of Assets (\$ Millions)

	2014	2013
Funding Value (FV)	\$32,700	\$30,083
Market Value (MV)	\$34,833	\$33,203
Ratio	93.9%	90.6%
Difference between FV and MV	\$ 2,133	\$ 3,120
Market Value Rate of Return	6.1%	19.7%





Development of Average Contribution Rates Applicable to Calendar Year 2016

(Results as of December 31, 2014)

	% of Active Member Pays				
	Regular	SLEP	ECO		
Tier 1 Normal Cost	7.29 %	12.44 %	16.50 %		
Tier 2 Normal Cost	4.41 %	8.47 %	13.49 %		
Average Employer Contributions for					
Normal Cost*					
Retirement	6.77 %	11.77 %	16.15 %		
\$3,000 Lump Sum Death Benefit	0.03 %	0.02 %	0.06 %		
Total & Permanent Disability Benefit	0.04 %	0.16 %	0.28 %		
Total Normal Cost	6.84 %	11.95 %	16.49 %		
Lump Sum Death-in-Service Benefits	0.15 %	0.15 %	0.15 %		
Temporary Disability	0.14 %	0.14 %	0.14 %		
13th Payments	0.62 %	0.62 %	0.62 %		
Unfunded (Overfunded) Liabilities (27/10 years)	3.76 %	7.88 %	68.67 %		
Early Retirement Incentive Liabilities	0.22 %	0.09 %	0.00 %		
SLEP Supplemental Liabilities	0.00 %	1.88 %	0.00 %		
Total Average Employer Rate	11.73 %	22.71 %	86.07 %		
Prior Year Averages	11.69 %	22.33 %	70.37 %		

^{*} Average of Tier 1 and Tier 2 cost weighted on expected payroll.

Dupage County, Peoria County and Union School District 46 subject to individual rating.





History of Total Average Employer Contribution Rates

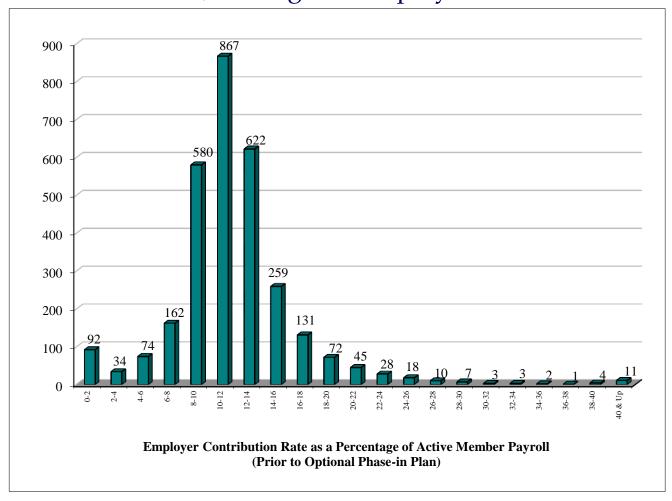
		Employer Contribution Rate						
		Expressed as % of Active Payroll						
		Regular	Members	SLEP M	lembers	ECO Mo	ECO Members	
Rate Applies	Rate Computed		Average		Average		Average	
to Calendar	as of	Normal	Total	Normal	Total	Normal	Total	
Year	December 31	Cost	Rate	Cost	Rate	Cost	Rate	
1999	1997	7.23%	9.03%	10.62%	14.65%	21.48%	36.14%	
2000	1998	7.17%	8.16%	10.42%	14.28%	23.39%	41.38%	
2001	1999	7.41%	6.64%	12.02%	14.86%	23.85%	42.58%	
2002	2000	7.62%	5.87%	11.94%	14.13%	18.05%	38.46%	
2003	2001	7.66%	6.22%	11.96%	14.04%	17.95%	40.37%	
2004	2002	7.60%	7.82%	12.47%	16.29%	18.18%	44.90%	
2005	2003	7.61%	9.25%	12.48%	17.15%	18.07%	42.66%	
2006	2004	7.64%	10.04%	12.56%	18.25%	18.01%	44.90%	
2007	2005	7.43%	9.72%	11.66%	18.42%	17.52%	41.30%	
2008	2006	7.42%	9.47%	11.63%	19.33%	16.96%	41.80%	
2009	2007	7.42%	9.27%	11.63%	18.42%	17.08%	42.77%	
2010	2008	7.58%	11.89%	11.97%	21.63%	17.24%	43.57%	
2011	2009	7.58%	12.14%	11.97%	21.76%	17.20%	42.72%	
2012	2010	7.58%	12.42%	12.01%	22.48%	17.22%	47.15%	
2013	2011	7.77%	12.85%	12.74%	23.40%	17.63%	46.85%	
2014	2012	7.64%	12.58%	12.61%	23.20%	17.59%	74.52%	
2015	2013	7.51%	11.69%	12.42%	22.33%	17.73%	70.37%	
2016	2014	6.84%	11.73%	11.95%	22.71%	16.49%	86.07%	





Contribution Rates for Employer Groups 2014 Actuarial Valuation

3,025 Regular Employers

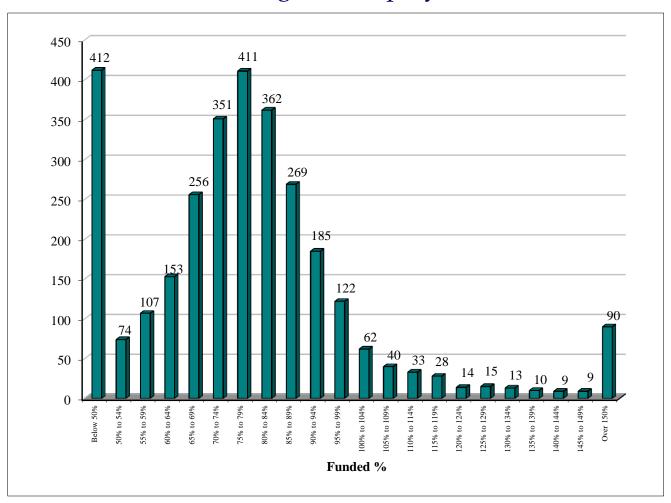






Funded Ratios for Employer Groups 2014 Actuarial Valuation

3,025 Regular Employers

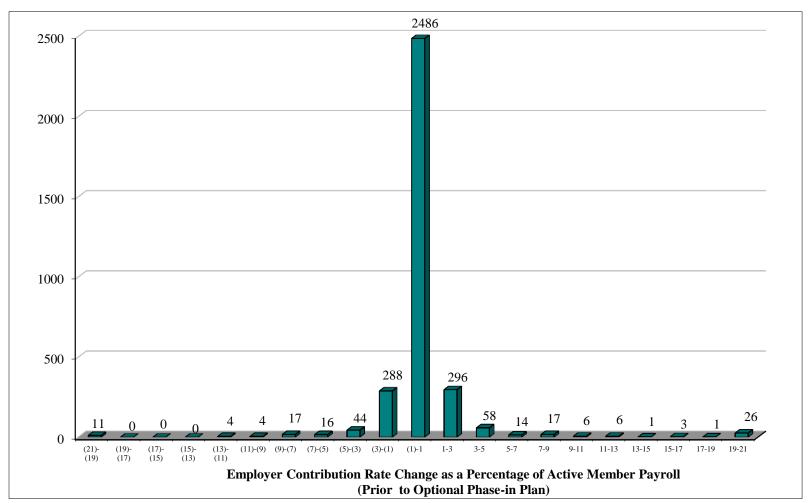






Contribution Rate Changes for Employer Groups - 2014 Actuarial Valuation

3,298 Employers





Average Funding Ratios Comparative Statement

Valuation Date	Funded Ratio AVA Basis	Funded Ratio MV Basis	Unfunded/ Payroll	Accrued Liability Payroll
1994	87.1%	87.7%	35.6%	275.8%
2005*#	94.6%	95.1%	20.8%	387.3%
2006	95.3%	99.8%	18.8%	399.4%
2007	96.1%	100.0%	16.0%	408.4%
2008*	84.3%	70.3%	64.1%	409.2%
2009	83.2%	81.5%	71.0%	423.2%
2010	83.3%	86.3%	76.3%	455.8%
2011*#	83.0%	80.2%	81.7%	481.4%
2012	84.3%	85.9%	78.7%	501.9%
2013	87.6%	96.6%	64.7%	520.4%
2014*	87.3%	93.0%	70.8%	556.5%



^{*} Assumption change

[#] Benefit change



Gain (Loss) Analysis



Gain (Loss) Analysis

A Gain (Loss) Analysis measures differences between Actual and Assumed Experience in each Risk Area





Demographic

Economic

Normal retirement

Salary increases

Early retirement

Investment return

Death-in-service

Disability

Other separations





Change in Unfunded Accrued Liabilities During the Calendar Year 2014

	Unfunded Liability Development During				
	2014	2013			
Unfunded Liability January 1	\$4,273,532,925	\$5,111,434,314			
(Assumed Payments)	(253,703,224)	(304,110,359)			
Assumed Interest	311,115,763	372,090,882			
Expected Unfunded Liability December 31	4,330,945,464	5,179,414,837			
Change Due to Experience Study	1,309,736,106	0			
Change Due to Benefit Changes	0	0			
Change Due to Data Changes	0	0			
Change Due to Investment Experience	(767,567,271)	(811,460,409)			
Change Due to Other Sources	(108,175,224)	(94,421,503)			
Actual Unfunded Liability December 31	\$4,764,939,075	\$4,273,532,925			
Gain (Loss) for the Year	\$ (433,993,611)	\$ 905,881,912			





Investment Gain (Loss) - \$ Millions

1.	Beginning Funding Value	\$30,083
2.	Net Cash Flow	(392)
3.	Assumed Return	2,242
4.	Expected Funding Value: 1+2+3	31,933
5.	Actual Funding Value	32,700
6.	Gain (Loss): 5-4	767





How Does Asset Smoothing Impact Future Valuations

• Difference between Market Value and Funding Value (\$2,133 million) phased-in over next four years

Valuation Date	Scheduled Asset Gain	Potential Contribution Decrease
12/31/2015	\$767,567,271	0.6%
12/31/2016	\$767,567,272	0.6%
12/31/2017	\$641,697,418	0.5%
12/31/2018	\$(43,893,140)	0.0%

- Assumes Market Value earns 7.5% in the next 4 years
- Actual results will likely be different





Market Value Return vs. Actuarial Value Return



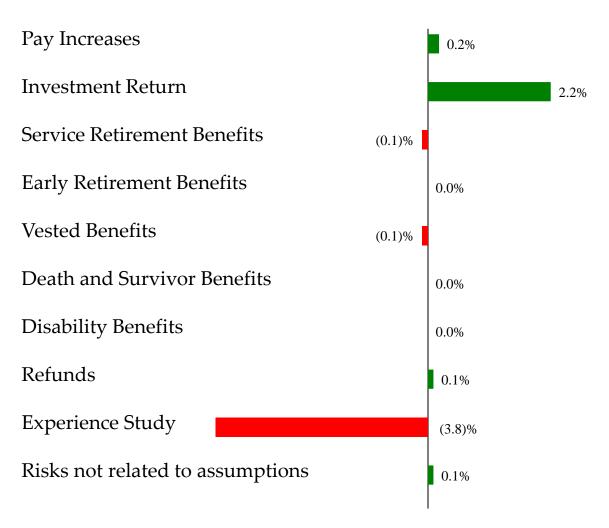
Year of Valuation





Gain (Loss) Experience

% of Accrued Liabilities







Experience Gains & Losses by Risk Area - Comparative Statement

					Vested	Death and		Terminated		Total G	ain (Loss)
Experience	Pay	Investment	Service	Early	Deferred	Survivor	Disability	with	0.17		Percent of
Period	Increases	Return	Retirement	Retirement	Retirement	Benefits	Benefits	Refund	Other	\$	Liabilities
1998	\$ (69.9)	\$ 515.7	\$ 37.8	\$(8.7)	\$ 37.8	\$7.7	\$ 5.7	\$(10.5)	\$ (197.0)	\$ 318.6	2.9 %
1999	5.5	962.1	(6.8)	(5.1)	(14.6)	0.6	6.4	(21.1)	(168.1)	758.9	6.4 %
2000	12.2	642.5	0.8	(2.8)	(8.7)	1.8	9.8	(22.4)	(89.2)	544.0	4.2 %
2001	(29.5)	69.4	(4.9)	(1.0)	(20.3)	2.9	10.0	11.4	1.4	39.4	0.3 %
2002 1	19.5	(611.8)	(9.9)	(2.0)	(31.0)	4.3	6.9	2.3	(66.7)	(688.4)	(4.5)%
2003	36.8	(404.6)	(18.4)	(5.4)	(28.0)	2.3	5.9	10.0	(250.0)	(651.4)	(3.9)%
2004	(0.3)	(478.5)	(14.7)	(5.3)	(27.5)	3.4	7.3	15.8	(183.0)	(682.6)	(3.8)%
2005	130.0	23.8	(10.4)	(5.0)	(28.3)	1.9	12.0	19.3	(111.2)	32.1	0.2 %
2006	23.5	262.2	(8.6)	(3.4)	(32.7)	2.1	9.4	11.1	(211.7)	51.9	0.3 %
2007	(15.4)	305.8	(8.4)	(2.6)	(35.3)	4.1	10.2	23.2	(170.5)	111.1	0.6 %
2008 1	8.2	(3,331.5)	2.4	(2.1)	(40.8)	1.8	11.4	9.1	(40.5)	(3,382.0)	(12.6)%
2009	70.2	(343.2)	11.6	(0.5)	(38.3)	3.5	12.9	(11.8)	(53.5)	(349.1)	(1.4)%
2010	359.6	(90.5)	(0.2)	0.0	(32.3)	3.3	7.3	(0.3)	(442.1) 2	(195.2)	(0.7)%
2011	238.9	(164.3)	(22.9)	(5.7)	(25.9)	7.3	8.2	19.9	(344.4)	(288.9)	(1.0)%
2012	230.2	71.0	2.0	(3.0)	(24.7)	6.5	20.8	23.8	(89.0)	237.6	0.8 %
2013	141.5	811.5	(11.6)	(2.8)	(22.7)	3.2	15.7	45.1	(74.0)	905.9	2.8 %
2014	64.2	767.6	(19.3)	(4.9)	(19.7)	(2.2)	17.2	37.9	$(1,274.8)^{-3}$	(434.0)	(1.3)%

¹ Includes changes in assumptions due to the Experience Study.



² Includes one-time data changes of approximately \$250 million.

³ Includes Experience Study changes.



Reconciliation of Employer Contribution

	Regular	SLEP	ECO	Total
Prior Year	11.69 %	22.33 %	70.37 %	12.28 %
Experience Study	0.85 %	1.21 %	2.54 %	0.87 %
Tier 2 Structure	(0.11)%	(0.14)%	0.00 %	(0.11)%
Investment Return	(0.65)%	(0.95)%	(4.49)%	(0.67)%
Pay Increases	(0.07)%	0.19 %	(0.81)%	(0.06)%
Demographic	(0.01)%	0.09 %	1.70 %	0.00 %
Population Change	(0.01)%	0.05 %	17.50 %	0.03 %
Other	0.04 %	(0.07)%	(0.74)%	0.00 %
Current Year	11.73 %	22.71 %	86.07 %	12.34 %





Conclusion

- Investment markets continue to be volatile favorable investment performance in 2014 offset most of the cost of the experience study. Slight increase in contribution rates
- IMRF is still well-funded, (87% funding value basis, 93% market value basis) considering recent historic market volatility; national average is around 75%





GASB Statement No. 68 Results



GASB Changes - Overview

- New GASB Accounting Standards Statements No. 67 and No. 68 will create accounting results separate from funding results
 - Funding calculations <u>are not impacted</u>
 - ► GASB created a new Net Pension Liability (NPL) and Pension Expense that applies to employers
 - ► Statement No. 67 replaces Statement No. 25
 - ► Statement No. 68 replaces Statement No. 27





Summary of Key Changes

• Under the GASB's outgoing standards, there was a close link between the accounting and funding measures. Under the new statements, the two are disconnected:

	Funding Purposes	Accounting Purposes
Discount Rate	Long-term rate of investment return	Long-term investment return and potentially a municipal bond rate
Asset Valuation	May be smoothed	Fair (market) value
Amortization	Considerable flexibility	Strict requirements and likely shorter periods
Actuarial Cost Method	Considerable flexibility	Traditional entry age normal





GASB Changes – Overview

- Key differences for employer accounting
 - New GASB rules do not allow smoothing of assets
 - New GASB rules may require lower (or blended) discount rate to value liabilities
- Key takeaways
 - New GASB rules do NOT change the funding contribution rate
 - New GASB rules do provide a second set of actuarial numbers (may lead to confusion)





Single Discount Rate

- The NPL is similar to the Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) that many state and local governments use for funding purposes (based on Market Value of Assets)
- However, a key difference is the "Single Discount Rate" which is:
 - ► <u>Based on the long-term expected investment return</u> to the extent projected plan fiduciary net position (assets) is sufficient to pay future benefits; and
 - Based on a tax-exempt municipal bond index rate to the extent projected plan fiduciary net position (assets) is not sufficient to pay future benefits



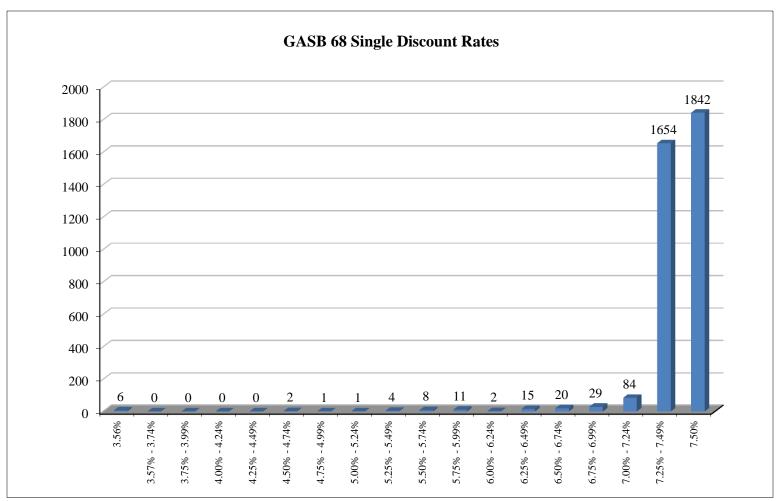
Single Discount Rate

- Possible Reasons that assets may not be sufficient to pay benefits under GASB projection
 - System contributes based on statutory method
 - System contributes less than recommended contribution
 - ► The use of a 'rolling' amortization period (unfunded is not paid down, but rather re-amortized each year)
 - ► Differences in methods and/or assumptions between Funding and GASB valuations
 - Traditional Entry Age versus Aggregate Entry Age
 - Gain sharing features





Single Discount Rate - Illustration







GASB 68 Results – In Total

Results as of December 31, 2014 (Millions)

	Funding	Accounting
Actuarial Liability/Total Pension Liability	37,465.1	37,794.9
Assets/Fiducuiary Net Position	32,700.2	34,833.1
Unfunded Liabilty/Net Pension Liability	4,764.9	2,961.8
Funded Percent	87.3%	92.2%

Total Pension Liability is the sum of the Total Pension Liability for all employers (with varying single discount rates).





Employer Funding Levels

- Prior to GASB 68, funded levels for employers included only assets and liabilities for non-annuitants
- With GASB 68, funded levels will also include assets and liabilities for annuitants
- Annuitant reserve is funded at 100%
- Therefore, funded ratios by employer will typically be higher than prior years





Funded Percent Example

Sample Employer

	Old Method	New Method
1) Liabilities		
- a) Non-annuitants	108,175,728	108,175,728
- b) Annuitants	N/A	89,660,668
- c)Total	108,175,728	197,836,396
2) Assets		
- a) Non-annuitants	87,716,126	99,822,880
- b) Annuitants	N/A	89,660,668
- c)Total	87,716,126	189,483,548
Funded Percent (2c / 1c)	81.1%	95.8%

Old Method uses smoothed assets, new method uses market value of assets.





GASB Overview

- GASB Statement No. 68 is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2014
 - ▶ Will depend on Employer's fiscal year
 - ► For fiscal years of June through December
 - Employers will use December 31, 2014 measurement date
 - ► For fiscal years of January through May
 - Employers will use December 31, 2015 measurement date
 - ▶ Reports were prepared for all employers for auditors to balance fiduciary net position (assets) as of December 31, 2014





Disclaimers

- Circular 230 Notice: Pursuant to regulations issued by the IRS, to the extent this presentation concerns tax matters, it is not intended or written to be used, and cannot be used, for the purpose of (i) avoiding tax-related penalties under the Internal Revenue Code or (ii) marketing or recommending to another party any tax-related matter addressed within. Each taxpayer should seek advice based on the individual's circumstances from an independent tax advisor.
- This presentation shall not be construed to provide tax advice, legal advice or investment advice.

